



**AIFC DATA PROTECTION REGULATIONS**

**AIFC REGULATIONS No. 10 OF 2017**

**December 20, 2017  
Nur-Sultan, Kazakhstan**



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**PART 1: GENERAL**

1. **Name**

These Regulations are *AIFC Data Protection Regulations 2017*.

2. **Date of enactment**

These Regulations are enacted on the day they are adopted by the Governor.

3. **Commencement**

These Regulations commence on 1 January 2018.

4. **Legislative authority**

These Regulations are adopted by the Governor under article 4 of the Constitutional Statute and subparagraph 3) of paragraph 9 of the Management Council Resolution on AIFC Bodies.

5. **Application of these Regulations**

These Regulations apply within the jurisdiction of the AIFC.

6. **Interpretation**

Schedule 1 contains definitions and other interpretative provisions used in these Regulations.

7. **Administration of these Regulations**

These Regulations are administered by the Commissioner of Data Protection.



**PART 2: PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA GENERALLY**

**8. General requirements**

- (1) A Data Controller must ensure that Personal Data that the Data Controller Processes is:
  - (a) Processed fairly, lawfully and securely; and
  - (b) Processed for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes in accordance with the Data Subject's rights and not further Processed in a way incompatible with those purposes or rights; and
  - (c) adequate, relevant and not excessive in relation to the purposes for which it is collected or further Processed; and
  - (d) accurate and, if necessary, kept up to date; and
  - (e) kept in a form that permits identification of Data Subjects for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the Personal Data was collected or for which it is further Processed.
- (2) A Data Processor must take every reasonable step to ensure that Personal Data that is inaccurate or incomplete, having regard to the purposes for which it was collected or for which it is further Processed, is erased or rectified.

**9. Requirements for legitimate Processing**

A Data Processor must not Process Personal Data unless:

- (a) the Data Subject has consented in Writing to the Processing of the Personal Data; or
- (b) the Processing is necessary for the performance of a contract to which the Data Subject is a party or to take steps at the request of the Data Subject for a contract to which the Data Subject intends to become a party; or
- (c) the Processing is necessary to comply with any legal obligation to which the Data Controller is subject; or
- (d) the Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out:
  - (i) in the interests of the AIFC; or
  - (ii) in the Exercise of Functions of the AIFCA, the AFSA, the Court, the Security Registrar or the Registrar of Companies that are vested in the Data Controller or in a Third Party to whom the Personal Data is disclosed; or
- (e) the Processing is necessary for the purposes of the legitimate interests of the Data Controller or of the Third Party or parties to whom the Personal Data is disclosed, except if those interests are overridden by compelling legitimate interests of the Data Subject relating to the Data Subject's particular situation.

**10. Processing of Sensitive Personal Data**

- (1) A Data Controller must not Process Sensitive Personal Data unless:



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- (a) the Data Subject has Consented in Writing to the Processing of the Sensitive Personal Data; or
- (b) the Processing is necessary to carry out the obligations and specific rights of the Data Controller; or
- (c) the Processing is necessary to protect the vital interests of the Data Subject or another Person and the Data Subject is physically or legally incapable of giving consent; or
- (d) all of the following subparagraphs are complied with:
  - (i) the Processing is carried out by a foundation, association or another non-profit body in the course of its legitimate activities with appropriate guarantees;
  - (ii) the Processing relates solely to the members of the body or to Persons who have regular contact with it in connection with its purposes;
  - (iii) the Personal Data of a Data Subject is not disclosed to a Third Party without the Written consent of the Data Subject; or
- (e) the Processing relates to Personal Data that is manifestly made public by the Data Subject or is necessary to establish, exercise or defend a legal claim; or
- (f) the Processing is necessary to comply with any legal obligation to which the Data Controller is subject; or
- (g) the Processing is necessary to uphold the legitimate interests of the Data Controller recognised in the international financial markets, if the interests are pursued in accordance with international financial standards and the interests are not overridden by compelling legitimate interests of the Data Subject relating to the Data Subject's particular situation; or
- (h) the Processing is necessary to comply with any regulatory, auditing, accounting, anti-money laundering or counter terrorist financing requirements, or requirements relating to the prevention or detection of any crime, that apply to the Data Controller; or
- (i) the Processing is required for the purposes of preventive medicine, medical diagnosis, the provision of care or treatment or the management of health care services and the Personal Data is Processed by a health professional subject, under national laws or regulations established by national competent bodies, to an obligation of professional secrecy or by another Person also subject to an equivalent obligation of secrecy; or
- (j) the Processing is required for protecting members of the public against:
  - (i) financial loss caused by dishonesty, malpractice or other seriously improper conduct by, or the unfitness or incompetence of, Persons concerned in the provision of banking, insurance, investment, management consultancy, IT services, accounting or other commercial activities (either in person or indirectly by means of outsourcing); or



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- (ii) dishonesty, malpractice or other seriously improper conduct by, or the unfitness or incompetence of, Persons concerned in the provision of banking, insurance, investment, financial or other services.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to the Processing of Sensitive Personal Data by a Data Controller if a permit issued by the Commissioner of Data Protection authorises the Data Controller to Process the Sensitive Personal Data.
- (3) The Commissioner of Data Protection may issue a permit under subsection (2) to a Data Controller subject to any conditions or restrictions the Commissioner considers appropriate, including conditions or restrictions for the purpose of ensuring that the Data Controller applies adequate safeguards in relation to the Processing of Sensitive Personal Data.
- (4) A Data Controller must not Contravene a condition or restriction of a permit issued to the Data Controller under subsection (2).
- (5) Contravention of subsection (4) is punishable by a fine.

### 11. Transfers out of AIFC

- (1) A Person must not transfer Personal Data to a Recipient located in a jurisdiction outside the AIFC unless:
  - (a) the jurisdiction has an adequate level of protection for Personal Data; or
  - (b) the transfer complies with section 12 (Transfers to jurisdictions without adequate level of protection).
- (2) For subsection (1), a jurisdiction has an adequate level of protection for Personal Data if the jurisdiction is prescribed under the Rules or approved, in Writing, by the Commissioner of Data Protection.

### 12. Transfers to jurisdictions without adequate level of protection

- (1) The transfer of Personal Data to a Recipient located in a jurisdiction outside the AIFC complies with this section if:
  - (a) the transfer is authorised by a permit issued by the Commissioner of Data Protection under subsection (2); or
  - (b) the Data Subject has consented in Writing to the transfer of the Personal Data; or
  - (c) the transfer is necessary for the performance of a contract to which the Data Subject is a party or to take steps at the request of the Data Subject for a contract to which the Data subject intends to become a party; or
  - (d) the transfer is necessary for the conclusion or performance of a contract concluded in the interests of the Data Subject between the Data Controller and a Third Party; or
  - (e) the transfer is necessary or legally required on grounds important to the interests of the AIFC, or is necessary to establish, exercise or defend a legal claim; or
  - (f) the transfer is necessary to protect the vital interests of the Data Subject; or



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- (g) the Personal Data was accessed, in accordance with the Acting Law of the AIFC, from a register (however described) established or maintained under the Acting Law of the AIFC that is accessible either by the public in general or by any Person who can demonstrate a legitimate interest (however described) to access; or
  - (h) the transfer is necessary to comply with any legal obligation to which the Data Controller is subject or the transfer is made at the request of a regulator, the police, or another government agency, of any jurisdiction; or
  - (i) the transfer is necessary to uphold the legitimate interests of the Data Controller recognised in the international financial markets, if the interests are pursued in accordance with international financial standards and the interests are not overridden by legitimate interests of the Data Subject relating to the Data Subject's particular situation; or
  - (j) the transfer is necessary to comply with any regulatory, auditing, accounting, anti-money laundering or counter terrorist financing requirements, or requirements relating to the prevention or detection of any crime, that apply to the Data Controller.
- (2) The Commissioner of Data Protection may issue permits authorising the transfer of Personal Data to Recipients located in jurisdictions outside the AIFC.
  - (3) The Commissioner of Data Protection may issue a permit under subsection (2) to a Person subject to any conditions or restrictions the Commissioner considers appropriate, including conditions or restrictions for the purpose of ensuring that the Person applies adequate safeguards to protect Personal Data to which the permit applies.
  - (4) A Person must not Contravene a condition or restriction of a permit issued to the Person under subsection (2).
  - (5) Contravention of subsection (4) is punishable by a fine.

### 13. **Providing information where Personal Data has been obtained from Data Subject**

- (1) If a Data Controller collects Personal Data from a Data Subject, the Data Controller must give the Data Subject at least the following information as soon as possible after commencing to collect the Personal Data:
  - (a) the identity of the Data Controller;
  - (b) the purposes of the Processing for which the Personal Data has been collected;
  - (c) any further information so far as further information is necessary, having regard to the specific circumstances in which the Personal Data has been collected, to guarantee fair Processing of the Data Subject's Personal Data, including, for example, information about any or all of the following matters as appropriate:
    - (i) the Recipients or categories of Recipients of the Personal Data;
    - (ii) whether replies to questions are obligatory or voluntary, as well as the possible consequences of Failure to reply;
    - (iii) the Data Subject's rights to obtain information about the Personal Data and to rectify, erasure or block the Personal Data;





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- (iv) whether the Personal Data is proposed to be used for direct marketing purposes;
  - (v) whether the Personal Data will be Processed relying on section 9(e) (Requirements for legitimate Processing) or section 10(1)(g) (Processing of Sensitive Personal Data) and, if so, what the provision provides.
- (2) The Data Controller need not give the Data Subject information otherwise required by subsection (1) if the Data Controller reasonably expects that the Data Subject is already aware of the information.

### 14. Providing information where Personal Data has not been obtained from Data Subject

- (1) This section applies if a Data Controller has Personal Data of a Data Subject that was not obtained from the Data Subject.
- (2) The Data Controller must give the Data Subject at least the following information not later than the time the Personal Data is first Processed or, if the Personal Data is to be disclosed to a Third Party, the time the Personal Data is first disclosed to a Third Party:
- (a) the identity of the Data Controller;
  - (b) if the Personal Data is to be Processed—the purposes of the Processing;
  - (c) any further information so far as further information is necessary, having regard to the specific circumstances in which the Personal Data is Processed, to guarantee fair Processing of the Data Subject's Personal Data, including, for example, information about any or all of the following matters as appropriate:
    - (i) the categories of Personal Data being Processed;
    - (ii) the Recipients or categories of Recipients of the Personal Data;
    - (iii) the Data Subject's rights to obtain information about the Personal Data and to rectify, erasure or block the Personal Data;
    - (iv) whether the Personal Data will be used for direct marketing purposes;
    - (v) whether the Personal Data will be Processed relying on section 9(e) (Requirements for legitimate Processing) or section 10(1)(g) (Processing of Sensitive Personal Data) and, if so, what the provision provides.
- (3) The Data Controller need not give the Data Subject information otherwise required by subsection (2) if:
- (a) the Data Controller reasonably expects that the Data Subject is already aware of the information; or
  - (b) giving the information to the Data Subject proves impossible or would involve a disproportionate effort.

### 15. Processing only on instructions from Data Controller

- (1) This section applies to a Person if:
- (a) the Person is:



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- (i) a Data Processor; or
  - (ii) a director, officer, partner, employee or agent of, or another Person acting under, a Data Controller or Data Processor; and
- (b) the Person has access to Personal Data of a Data Subject.
- (2) The Person must not Process the Personal Data unless instructed to do so by the Data Controller or otherwise required to do so by law.

### 16. **Security of Processing etc.**

- (1) A Data Controller must implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to protect Personal Data against wilful, negligent, accidental or unlawful destruction, or accidental loss, alteration or unauthorised disclosure or access and against all other unlawful forms of Processing or unlawful transfers, particularly when the Processing of Personal Data is performed under section 10 (Processing of Sensitive Personal Data) or Personal Data is transferred to a Recipient located in a jurisdiction outside the AIFC under section 11(1)(b) (Transfers out of AIFC).
- (2) Having regard to the cost of their implementation, the measures must ensure a level of security appropriate to the risks represented by the Processing or transfer and the nature of the Personal Data to be protected.
- (3) If the Processing or transfer of Personal Data is to be performed on behalf of a Data Controller, the Data Controller must choose a Data Processor that can provide appropriate technical and organisational measures to protect the Personal Data, and must ensure that the measures are complied with by the Data processor.
- (4) If there is an unauthorised intrusion, either physical, electronic or otherwise, to any database containing Personal Data, the relevant person must inform the Commissioner of Data Protection of the incident as soon as practicable.
- (5) In subsection (4):

***relevant person*** means:

- (a) the Data Controller; or
- (b) if a Data Processor is performing tasks in relation to the Personal Data on behalf of the Data Controller at the time of the intrusion—the Data Processor.



**PART 3: RIGHTS OF DATA SUBJECTS**

**17. Right to information about Personal Data and to rectification etc.**

A Data Subject (**A**) has the right to obtain from the Data Controller on request, at reasonable intervals and without excessive delay or expense:

- (a) Written confirmation about whether or not Personal Data relating to A is being Processed and Written information at least about the purposes of any Processing, the categories of any Personal Data being Processed, and the Recipients or categories of Recipients to whom any Personal Data is disclosed; and
- (b) communication to A in an intelligible form of the Personal Data being Processed and of any available information about its source; and
- (c) as appropriate, the rectification, erasure or blocking of Personal Data if the Processing of the Personal Data Contravenes these Regulations.

**18. Right to object to Processing**

- (1) A Data Subject (**A**) has the right:
  - (a) to object at any time, on reasonable grounds relating to A's particular situation, to the Processing of Personal Data relating to A; and
  - (b) to be informed before the Personal Data is disclosed for the first time to a Third Party or used on a Third Party's behalf for the purposes of direct marketing, and to be expressly offered the right to object to such a disclosure or use.
- (2) If there is a justified objection by A in relation to Personal Data, the Data Controller must no longer Process that Personal Data.



**PART 4: NOTIFICATIONS TO COMMISSIONER OF DATA PROTECTION**

19. **Requirement to notify Commissioner about Personal Data Processing operations etc.**
- (1) A Data Controller must establish and maintain the records required by the Rules of Personal Data Processing operations performed by or on behalf of the Data Controller.
  - (2) The Data Controller must, in accordance with the Rules, notify the Commissioner of Data Protection about the particulars of those Personal Data Processing operations required by the Rules.
20. **Requirement to notify Commissioner of changes in operations**
- (1) This section applies if:
    - (a) a Data Controller has notified the Commissioner of Data Protection under section 19 (Requirement to notify Commissioner about Personal Data Processing operations etc.) about the particulars of Personal Data Processing operations required by the Rules; and
    - (b) the particulars change.
  - (2) The Data Controller must, in accordance with the Rules, notify the Commissioner of Data Protection about the changed particulars.
21. **Register of Notifications**
- (1) The Commissioner of Data Protection must keep a register (the **Register of Notifications**) relating to the Personal Data Processing operations notified under section 19 (Requirement to notify Commissioner about Personal Data Processing operations etc.).
  - (2) The Commissioner of Data Protection must make the register available for inspection by any Person in accordance with the Rules.
  - (3) Each entry in the register about Personal Data Processing operations must consist of:
    - (a) the particulars of the operations notified under section 19 or, if any of the particulars have changed, the changed particulars notified under section 20 (Requirement to notify Commissioner of changes in operations); and
    - (b) the other information the Commissioner of Data Protection considers appropriate.
  - (4) Any entry in the register is valid for 12 months, but may be renewed for a further period or further periods of 12 months.



**PART 5: COMMISSIONER OF DATA PROTECTION**

**22. Appointment of Commissioner etc.**

- (1) The Office of Commissioner of Data Protection is established within the framework of the AIFCA.
- (2) The Board of Directors of the AIFCA must appoint an individual who is appropriately experienced and qualified as the Commissioner of Data Protection, and may dismiss the person from office for incapacity (other than temporary incapacity), misbehaviour or other proper cause.
- (3) The Board of Directors of the AIFCA must consult with the Governor before appointing, reappointing or dismissing the Commissioner of Data Protection.
- (4) The Commissioner of Data Protection is appointed for the period (not longer than 3 years) decided by the Board of Directors of the AIFCA, and may be reappointed for periods (not longer than 3 years at a time) decided by the Board.

**23. Commissioner must act independently**

The Commissioner of Data Protection must act in an independent way in Exercising the Commissioner's Functions.

**24. Commissioner's Objectives and Functions**

- (1) The Commissioner of Data Protection must pursue the following objectives (the Commissioner's **Objectives**) in Exercising the Commissioner's Functions:
  - (a) to promote good practices and observance of the requirements of these Regulations, the Rules and any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner, particularly by Data Controllers;
  - (b) to administer these Regulations, the Rules and any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner in an effective and transparent way;
  - (c) to prevent, detect and restrain conduct that is, or may be, in a Contravention of these Regulations, the Rules and any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner;
  - (d) to promote greater awareness and understanding in the AIFC of data protection and the requirements of these Regulation, the Rules and other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner.
- (2) The Commissioner of Data Protection has the Functions given to the Commissioner by or under these Regulations, the Rules or any other AIFC Regulations or AIFC Rules.
- (3) The Commissioner of Data Protection must Exercise the Commissioner's Functions only in pursuit of the Commissioner's Objectives.
- (4) Without limiting subsection (2), the Functions of the Commissioner of Data Protection include the following:
  - (a) issuing warnings or admonishments, and making recommendations, to Data Controllers;



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- (b) imposing fines for Contraventions of these Regulations;
  - (c) bringing proceedings in the Court for or in relation to Contraventions of these Regulations, including proceedings for compensation on behalf of Data Subjects;
  - (d) preparing draft rules, standards and codes of practice and submitting them to the Board of Directors of the AIFCA for its consideration;
  - (e) preparing and adopting non-binding guidance for AIFC Participants, and advising the Board of Directors of the AIFCA of any guidance adopted by the Commissioner;
  - (f) issuing or prescribing forms to be used for these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner;
  - (g) issuing or prescribing procedures and requirements relating to these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner;
  - (h) Exercising any Function delegated to the Commissioner under these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner.
- (5) The Commissioner of Data Protection may do anything the Commissioner considers necessary or desirable to be done for or in connection with, or reasonably incidental to, the Exercise of the Commissioner's Functions.
- (6) Without limiting subsection (5), the Commissioner of Data Protection may:
- (a) access Personal Data Processed by Data Controllers and Data Processors; or
  - (b) collect information.
- (7) The Commissioner of Data Protection, any member of the AIFCA's staff, and any other delegate or agent of the Commissioner, is not liable for anything done or omitted to be done in the Exercise or purported Exercise of the Commissioner's Functions (including any Function delegated to the Commissioner).
- (8) Subsection (7) does not apply to an act or omission if the act or omission is shown to have been in bad faith.

### 25. **Delegation by Commissioner**

The Commissioner of Data Protection may delegate any of the Commissioner's Functions under these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner:

- (a) to a member of the AIFCA's staff; or
- (b) with the approval of the Board of Directors of the AIFCA, to any other Person.

### 26. **General power of Commissioner to obtain information**

- (1) The Commissioner of Data Protection may, by Written notice, require a Data Controller, or any director, officer, partner, employee or agent of a Data Controller, to give specified information, produce specified Documents, or ensure that specified information or Documents are given or produced, to the Commissioner. A Person given a notice under this subsection must comply with the requirement within the time specified in the notice.



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- (2) The Commissioner of Data Protection may, by Written notice, require a Data Controller to allow the Commissioner to enter any premises of the Data Controller during normal business hours, or at any other time agreed between the Commissioner and the Data Controller, for the purpose of inspecting and copying information or Documents, in any form, on the premises. The Data Controller must comply with the requirement.
- (3) The Commissioner of Data Protection may exercise a power under subsection (1) or (2) if the Commissioner considers that it is necessary or desirable to do so for the Exercise of the Commissioner's Functions under these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner.
- (4) Information or a Document given, produced or obtained because of the exercise by the Commissioner of Data Protection of powers under subsection (1) or (2) is admissible in evidence in any proceedings, if the information or Document complies with any requirements relating to the admissibility of evidence in the proceedings.
- (5) Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply to information or a Document if the information or Document is subject to legal professional privilege.
- (6) The Commissioner of Data Protection may apply to the Court for an order to require a Person to comply with a requirement under subsection (1) or (2), and the Court may make the orders that it considers appropriate.

### 27. **Power to adopt rules etc.**

- (1) The Board of Directors of the AIFCA may adopt rules prescribing matters:
  - (a) required or permitted by these Regulations, or any other AIFC Regulations that are Legislation Administered by the Commissioner, to be prescribed by the Rules; or
  - (b) necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner.
- (2) However, the Board may not adopt rules under this section on matters related to the regulation of financial services and related operations in the AIFC.
- (3) Also, before adopting rules under this section, the Board must consult with the Commissioner of Data Protection about the rules unless the rules are being adopted on the Commissioner's recommendation.
- (4) Without limiting subsection (1), the Board may adopt rules:
  - (a) with respect to any matters relating to the Objectives or Functions of the Commissioner of Data Protection; or
  - (b) to facilitate the administration of, or further the purposes of, these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner; or
  - (c) with respect to the procedures for the imposition or recovery of fines, including any circumstances in which the procedures do not apply to the imposition of a fine; or
  - (d) setting limits for fines and other penalties that may be imposed for Contraventions of these Regulations; or



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- (e) with respect to any of the following:
  - (i) forms, procedures and requirements under these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner;
  - (ii) the development and publication of information to AIFC Participants and AIFC Bodies, and their directors, officers, partners, employees and agents, about these Regulations, the Rules and other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner, including their application and interpretation;
  - (iii) procedures for or in relation to the making and mediation of complaints;
  - (iv) procedures for or in relation to the reconsideration or review of decisions of the Commissioner of Data Protection;
  - (v) the keeping and inspection of the Register of Notifications;
  - (vi) the conduct of the Commissioner of Data Protection, members of the staff of the AIFCA, and delegates and agents of the Commissioner in relation to the Exercise of the Commissioner's Functions, including discretionary Functions and the conduct of investigations and hearings.
- (5) Rules adopted by the Board may incorporate standards and codes of practice by reference. A standard or code of practice incorporated into the Rules has the same effect as it had been adopted in the Rules, except so far as the Rules otherwise provide.
- (6) Instead of incorporating a standard or code of practice into rules adopted by the Board, the Board may adopt the standard or code of practice as non-binding guidance for AIFC Participants.
- (7) Without limiting subsection (1), rules adopted by the Board may do any of the following:
  - (a) make different provision for different cases or circumstances;
  - (b) include supplementary, incidental and consequential provisions;
  - (c) make transitional and savings provisions.
- (8) If any rules purport to be adopted in the exercise of a particular power or powers, the rules are taken also to be adopted in the exercise of all the powers under which they may be adopted.
- (9) Until rules mentioned in subsection (4)(d) are adopted by the Board, there are no limits on the fines and other penalties that may be imposed for a Contravention of these Regulations.

### 28. **Publication of proposed rules**

- (1) Before making rules under section 27 (Power to adopt rules etc.), the Board of Directors of the AIFCA must publish a notice under this section.
- (2) The notice must include, or have attached to it:
  - (a) a summary of the proposed rules; and





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- (b) the text of the rules; and
  - (c) a statement of the substance and purpose of the material provisions of the rules; and
  - (d) if the rules incorporate a standard or code of practice by reference—a summary, and the text, of the standard or code of practice and a statement of the substance and purpose of the material provisions of the standard or code of practice.
- (3) The notice must invite interested Persons to make representations about the proposed rules within a stated period of at least 30 days.
- (4) Subsections (1), (2) and (3) do not apply to the making of rules if the Board of Directors of the AIFCA considers:
- (a) that any delay likely to arise because of complying with those subsections is prejudicial to the interests of the AIFCA; or
  - (b) that the rules are merely consequential on any other Rules adopted (or proposed to be adopted) by the Board; or
  - (c) that the rules do not change, or significantly change, the policy intended to be give effect to by these Regulations and the Rules or any other AIFC Regulations or AIFC Rules.

### 29. **Funding and fees**

- (1) For each financial year of the Commissioner of Data Protection, the office of the Board of Directors of the AIFCA must provide financial resources to the Commissioner to the extent necessary to ensure that the Commissioner is able adequately to Exercise the Commissioner's Functions.
- (2) The Rules may require the payment to the AIFCA of fees by Data Controllers.
- (3) Without limiting subsection (2), the Rules may require the payment to the AIFCA of fees by Data Controllers and other Persons for or in relation to:
  - (a) the Exercise by the Commissioner of Data Protection of Functions under or for these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner, including the receipt by the Commissioner of any notification or Document that is required to be, or may be, given or delivered to, or filed with, (however described) the Commissioner; and
  - (b) the inspection of Documents or other material held, or any register kept, by the Commissioner of Data Protection under these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner.
- (4) The AIFCA may charge a fee for any services provided by the Commissioner otherwise than under an obligation imposed on the Commissioner by or under these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner.
- (5) If a fee is prescribed or charged under this section for the Exercise of a Function, or the provision of services, by the Commissioner of Data Protection, no action need be taken by the Commissioner until the fee is paid and, if the fee is payable to the AIFCA on the receipt by the Commissioner of a Document required to be, or that may be, given or



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delivered to, or filed with, (however described) with the Commissioner, the Commissioner is taken not to have received the Document until the fee is paid.

### 30. **Commissioner's annual report**

- (1) As soon as practicable after 1 January in each year, the Commissioner of Data Protection must give the Governor a report on the management of the administrative affairs of the Commissioner for the Commissioner's previous financial year.
- (2) The report must give a true and fair view of the state of the regulatory operations of the Commissioner of Data Protection, and financial statements of the Commissioner, as at the end of the relevant financial year.



**PART 6: REMEDIES, LIABILITY AND SANCTIONS**

**31. Direction to comply with Legislation Administered by the Commissioner**

- (1) This section applies if a Data Controller Fails to comply with a requirement (however expressed and including, to remove any doubt, a requirement applying for the benefit of a Person other than the Commissioner of Data Protection):
  - (a) under a provision of these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner; or
  - (b) made by the Commissioner under these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner.
- (2) The Commissioner of Data Protection may, by Written notice given to the Data Controller or another Person who is a director, officer, partner, employee or agent of the Data Controller, direct the Data Controller or other Person to do any or all of the following:
  - (a) comply with the requirement within a stated time;
  - (b) do anything else, or refrain from doing anything, stated in the notice within a stated time;
  - (c) without limiting paragraph (a) and (b), refrain from Processing stated or all Personal Data or refrain from Processing Personal Data for a stated purpose or in a stated way.
- (3) A Person who is given a direction under subsection (2) must comply with the direction.
- (4) Contravention of subsection (3) is punishable by a fine.
- (5) A Person who is given a direction under subsection (2) may, by Written notice given to the Commissioner of Data Protection within 14 days after the day the Person is given the direction, ask the Commissioner to review the direction.
- (6) If the Commissioner of Data Protection receives a request under subsection (5), the Commissioner must review the direction and may:
  - (a) confirm the direction; or
  - (b) revoke or amend the direction.
- (7) If a Person Fails to comply with a direction given to the Person under subsection (2), the Commissioner of Data Protection may apply to the Court for 1 or more of the following orders:
  - (a) an order directing the Person to comply with the direction or with any relevant provision of these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner;
  - (b) an order directing the Person to pay any costs incurred by the Commissioner or any other Person relating to:
    - (i) the giving of the direction by the Commissioner; or
    - (ii) the relevant Contravention of these Regulations;



- (c) any other order that the Court considers appropriate.
- (8) This section does not affect the operation of any other provision of these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner under which penalties may be imposed on a Data Controller or another Person in respect of a Failure to comply with a requirement to which this section applies, or any powers that the Commissioner of Data Protection, another Person or the Court may have under any other provision of these Regulations, the Rules or any other AIFC Regulations or AIFC Rules.

**32. Lodging complaints and mediation**

- (1) This section applies if a Data Subject (**A**) believes, on reasonable grounds:
  - (a) that A has been adversely affected by a Contravention of these Regulations in relation to the Processing of A's Personal Data by a Data Controller; or
  - (b) that A's rights under section 17 (Right to information about Personal Data and to rectification etc.) or section 18 (Right to object to Processing) have been Contravened by a Data Controller.
- (2) A may lodge a complaint with the Commissioner of Data Protection.
- (3) The Commissioner of Data Protection may mediate between A and the Data Controller.
- (4) On the basis of the mediation, the Commissioner of Data Protection may, by Written notice, direct the Data Controller to do, or refrain from doing, what the Commissioner considers appropriate.
- (5) The Data Controller must comply with the direction within the time stated in the notice.
- (6) Contravention of subsection (5) is punishable by a fine.

**33. Enforceable agreements**

- (1) The Commissioner of Data Protection may accept a Written undertaking given by a Person if the Commissioner considers that accepting the undertaking is necessary or desirable in the pursuit of the Commissioner's Objectives.
- (2) The Person may withdraw or vary the undertaking at any time, but only with the consent of the Commissioner of Data Protection.
- (3) If the Commissioner of Data Protection considers that the Person who gave the undertaking has Breached or is Breaching any of its terms, the Commissioner may apply to the Court for an order under subsection (4).
- (4) If the Court is satisfied that the Person has Breached or is Breaching a term of the undertaking, the Court may make 1 or more of the following orders:
  - (a) an order directing the Person to comply with the term;
  - (b) an order directing the Person to pay to any other Person or to the Commissioner of Data Protection an amount up to the amount of any profit, gain or benefit that the Person has obtained directly or indirectly and that is reasonably attributable to the Breach;



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- (c) any order that the Court considers appropriate directing the Person to compensate any other Person who has suffered loss or damage because of the Breach;
- (d) any other order the Court considers appropriate.

### 34. **Administrative censures**

- (1) The Commissioner of Data Protection may censure a Person if the Person Contravenes these Regulations or Contravenes any Guidance.
- (2) In deciding whether to censure a Person under subsection (1), the Commissioner of Data Protection must comply with the Decision-making Procedures.
- (3) The Commissioner of Data Protection may censure a Person by any means, including by way of publishing a notice of censure in any way the Commissioner considers appropriate.

### 35. **Administrative imposition of fines**

- (1) If the Commissioner of Data Protection is satisfied that a Person has Contravened these Regulations and Contravention of the relevant provision or of a relevant requirement is expressed to be punishable by a fine, the Commissioner may impose a fine on the Person.
- (2) In deciding whether to impose a fine on a Person and, if so, the amount of the fine to be imposed, the Commissioner of Data Protection must comply with any applicable Decision-making Procedures and any limits for fines set by the Rules.

### 36. **Giving false or misleading information to Commissioner etc.**

- (1) A Person must not:
  - (a) make a statement, or give information, to the Commissioner of Data Protection (whether orally, in a Document or in any other way) that is false or misleading in a material particular; or
  - (b) give a Document to the Commissioner that is false or misleading in a material particular; or
  - (c) conceal information or a Document if the concealment is likely to mislead or deceive the Commissioner.
- (2) Contravention of this section is punishable by a fine.

### 37. **Court orders for Contraventions on Commissioner's application**

- (1) This section applies if the Court is satisfied, on the application of the Commissioner of Data Protection, that a Person has Contravened these Regulations.
- (2) The Court may make any orders that the Court considers just and appropriate in the circumstances, including orders for damages, penalties or compensation.
- (3) This section does not affect the operation of any other provision of these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner under which penalties may be imposed on a Data Controller or another Person for a Contravention of these Regulations, or any powers that the Commissioner of Data Protection, another Person or



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the Court may have under any other provision of these Regulations, the Rules or any other AIFC Regulations or AIFC Rules.

### 38. **Court orders for compensation**

- (1) This section applies if the Court is satisfied, on the application of a Data Subject (**A**), that A has suffered damage or loss because of a Contravention of these Regulations by a Data Controller.
- (2) The Court may make any orders that the Court considers just and appropriate in the circumstances, including orders for damages or compensation.
- (3) This section does not affect of any powers that the Commissioner of Data Protection, another Person or the Court may have under any other provision of these Regulations, the Rules or any other AIFC Regulations or AIFC Rules.



**PART 7: GENERAL EXEMPTIONS**

**39. General exemptions**

- (1) The Rules may exempt Data Controllers from any provisions of these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner.
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the relevant provisions of these Regulations do not apply to the AFSA, AIFCA, the Security Registrar or the Registrar of Companies if the application of the provisions would be likely to prejudice the proper Exercise by any of those entities of their Functions under any AIFC Regulations or AIFC Rules, including any delegated Functions, so far as the Functions are designed to protect members of the public against:
  - (a) financial loss because of dishonesty, malpractice or other seriously improper conduct by, or the unfitness or incompetence of, Persons concerned in the provision of banking, insurance, investment or other financial activities and services, (including insurance and reinsurance activities and services), financial market activities and services, and financial and monetary brokerage activities and services; or
  - (b) dishonesty, malpractice or other seriously improper conduct by, or the unfitness or incompetence of, Persons concerned in the provision of banking, insurance, investment or other financial activities and services.
- (3) In this section:

***relevant provisions*** means the following sections:

- (a) section 11 (Transfers out of AIFC);
- (b) section 12 (Transfers to jurisdictions without adequate level of protection);
- (c) section 13 (Providing information where Personal Data has been obtained from Data Subject);
- (d) section 14 (Providing information where Personal Data has not been obtained from Data Subject);
- (e) section 17 (Right to information about Personal Data and to rectification etc.);
- (f) section 18 (Right to object to Processing).



**PART 8: MISCELLANEOUS**

**40. Notification of Commissioner's decisions and reasons**

- (1) This section applies if, under these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner:
  - (a) the Commissioner of Data Protection makes a decision (including a decision refusing to make a decision) on the application (however described) of a Person (the ***affected Person*** for the decision); or
  - (b) the Commissioner of Data Protection makes a decision affecting the interests of a Person (the ***affected Person*** for the decision) on the Commissioner's own initiative.
- (2) As soon as practicable after the Commissioner of Data Protection makes the decision, the Commissioner must give the affected Person Written notice of the decision.
- (3) Without limiting subsection (2), the notice must:
  - (a) if the decision is to take effect on the day after the day the notice is given to the Person—state that fact; or
  - (b) if the decision is to take effect at a different time—specify the time; or
  - (c) if the decision is to grant or issue (however described) a licence, permit, registration or anything else subject to conditions, restrictions or limitations of any kind—state the conditions, restrictions or limitations; or
  - (d) if the decision is to grant or issue (however described) a licence, permit, registration or anything else for a period—specify the period.
- (4) The notice must include, or be accompanied by, a statement of the reasons of the Commissioner of Data Protection for the decision.
- (5) However, if the decision was made on the application (however described) of the affected Person, subsection (4) does not apply to the decision so far as the decision was the decision the affected Person applied for.
- (6) Also, subsection (4) does not apply to the decision if a provision of any Legislation Administered by the Commissioner of Data Protection expressly provides that the Commissioner need not provide reasons for the decision.
- (7) This section is additional to, and does not limit, any other provision of any the AIFC Regulations or AIFC Rules.

**41. Language**

The Commissioner of Data Protection may require communications to which the Commissioner is a party (including communications under any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner) to be conducted in the English language.





**SCHEDULE 1: INTERPRETATION**

Note: See section 6.

1. **Meaning of *Legislation Administered by the Commissioner***

Each of the following is ***Legislation Administered by the Commissioner***:

- (a) these Regulations and the Rules;
- (b) any other AIFC Regulations or AIFC Rules if the Regulations or Rules declare that they are administered by the Commissioner;
- (c) a provision of any other AIFC Regulations or AIFC Rules if the provision gives a Function to the Commissioner or relates to the Exercise of a Function given to the Commissioner by another provision of the AIFC Regulations or AIFC Rules.

2. **When does a Person *Contravene* these Regulations**

- (1) A Person ***Contravenes*** these Regulations if the Person:
  - (a) does something that the Person is prohibited from doing by or under these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner; or
  - (b) does not do something that the Person is required or directed to do (however described) by or under these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the Commissioner; or
  - (c) otherwise *Contravenes* these Regulations, the Rules or any other Legislation Administered by the commissioner.
- (2) This section does not apply to anything done, or omitted to be done, by the Governor, AFSA, AIFCA or Commissioner of Data Protection.

3. **Definitions for these Regulations**

In these Regulations:

***Acting Law of the AIFC*** has the meaning given by article 4 of the Constitutional Statute.

***AFSA*** means the Astana Financial Services Authority.

***AIFC*** means the Astana International Financial Centre.

***AIFCA*** means the Astana International Financial Centre Authority.

***AIFC Bodies*** has the meaning given by article 9 of the Constitutional Statute and the document entitled *The Structure of the Bodies of the Astana International Financial Centre* adopted by the Management Council on 26 May 2016.

***AIFC Participants*** has the meaning given by article 1(5) of the Constitutional Statute.

***AIFC Regulations*** means regulations adopted by the Management Council or the Governor, and includes, for example, these Regulations.

***AIFC Rules*** means rules adopted by the Board of Directors of the AFSA, the Board of Directors



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of the AIFCA or the Governor, and includes, for example, the Rules made under these Regulations.

**Breach** includes Contravene.

**Commissioner** means the Commissioner of Data Protection.

**Commissioner of Data Protection** means the individual who is appointed as Commissioner of Data Protection under section 22 (Appointment of Commissioner etc.).

**Constitutional Statute** means Constitutional Statute of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 7 December 2015 entitled *On Astana International Financial Centre*.

**Contravene** includes Fail to comply with.

**Contravenes** these Regulations has the meaning given by section 2 of this Schedule (When does a Person *Contravene* these Regulations).

**Court** means the Astana International Financial Centre Court.

**Data** means any information:

- (a) that is being Processed by means of equipment operating automatically in response to instructions given for the purpose; or
- (b) that is recorded with intention that it should be Processed by means of equipment mentioned in paragraph (a); or
- (c) is recorded as part of a Relevant Filing System or with intention that it should form part of Relevant Filing System.

**Data Controller** means any Person in the AIFC who, alone or jointly with other Persons, determines the purposes and means of the Processing of Personal Data.

**Data Processor** means any Person who Processes Personal Data on behalf of a Data Controller.

**Data Subject**, in relation to Personal Data, means the individual to whom the Personal Data relates.

**Decision-making Procedures**, in relation to the making of a decision by the Commissioner of Data Protection, means the procedures prescribed by the Rules that apply to the making of the decision by the Commissioner.

**Document** includes any summons, notice, statement, return, account, order and other legal process, and any register.

**Exercise** a Function includes perform the Function.

**Fail** includes refuse.

**Function** includes authority, duty and power.

**Governor** means the Governor of the Astana International Financial Centre.

**Guidance** means:



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- (a) guidance adopted by the Commissioner of Data Protection under section 24(4)(e) (Commissioner's's Objectives and Functions); or
- (b) a standard or code of practice adopted as guidance by the Board of Directors of the AIFCA under section 27(6) (Power to adopt rules etc.).

**Identifiable Natural Person** means a living natural person who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to an identification number or to 1 or more factors specific to the person's biological, physical, biometric, physiological, mental, economic, cultural or social identity.

**Legislation Administered by the Commissioner** has the meaning given by section 1 of this Schedule (Meaning of *Legislation Administered by the Commissioner*).

**Management Council** means the Management Council of the Astana International Financial Centre.

**Management Council Resolution on AIFC Bodies** means *The Structure of the Bodies of the Astana International Financial Centre*, adopted by resolution of the Management Council on 26 May 2016, as amended by resolution of the Management Council, *The Amendments and supplementations to the Structure of the Bodies of the Astana International Financial Centre*, adopted on 9 October 2017.

**Objectives**, of the Commissioner of Data Protection, has the meaning given by section 24(1) (Commissioner's Objectives and Functions).

**Person** includes any natural person or incorporated or unincorporated body, including a company, partnership, unincorporated association, government or state.

**Personal Data** means any Data referring to an Identifiable Natural Person.

**Process**, in relation to Personal Data, means perform any operation or set of operations on the Personal Data, whether or not by automatic means, and includes, for example, the collection, recording, organisation, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, blocking, erasure or destruction of the Personal Data.

**Recipient**, in relation to Personal Data, means any Person to whom the Personal Data is disclosed (whether or not a Third Party), but does not include a regulator, the police or another government agency of any jurisdiction if the agency receives the Personal Data in the framework of a particular inquiry.

**Register of Notifications** means the register kept by the Commissioner of Data Protection under section 21 (Register of Notifications).

**Registrar of Companies** means the individual who is the Registrar of Companies appointed under the AIFC Companies Regulations.

**Relevant Filing System** means any set of information relating to an Identifiable Natural Person to the extent that, although the information is not Processed by means of equipment operating automatically in response to instructions given for the purpose, the set is structured, either by reference to individuals or by reference to criteria relating to individuals, in such a way that specific information relating to a particular individual is readily accessible.

**Rules** means rules adopted by the Board of Directors of the AIFCA under section 27 (Power to adopt rules etc.).



**Sensitive Personal Data** means Personal Data revealing or concerning (directly or indirectly) racial or ethnic origin, communal origin, political affiliations or opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, criminal record, trade union membership, and health or sex life.

**Third Party**, in relation to Personal Data, means any Person other than the Data Subject, the Data Controller, the Data Processor or a Person who, under the direct control of the Data Controller or Data Processor, is authorised to Process the Personal Data.

**Writing** includes:

- (a) in relation to a certificate, instrument, notice or other thing—the thing in any form that preserves a record of the information contained in it and is capable of being reproduced in tangible form, including by electronic means; and
- (b) in relation to a communication—any method of communication that preserves a record of the information contained in it and is capable of being reproduced in tangible form, including by electronic means.